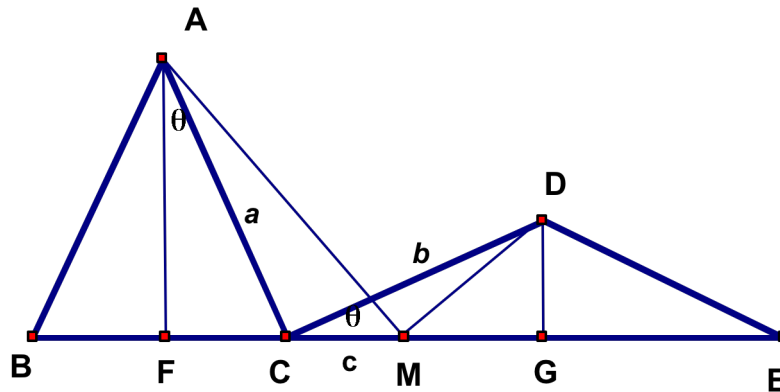


In the accompanying figure, $AB = AC$ and $DC = DE$. If $\angle ACD = 90^\circ$ and M is the midpoint of BE , prove that $\angle AMD = 90^\circ$.



Proof

Draw AF and DG perpendicular to BE . Then $BF = FC$ and $CG = GE$. Let $BE = 2r$. Then $BM = ME = r$. We have:

$$FC = \frac{1}{2}(r - c)$$

$$CG = \frac{1}{2}(r + c)$$

$$FM = c + FC = \frac{1}{2}(r + c) = CG$$

$$MG = CG - c = \frac{1}{2}(r - c) = FC$$

$$AM^2 = AF^2 + FM^2 = a^2 - FC^2 + FM^2$$

$$DM^2 = DG^2 + MG^2 = b^2 - CG^2 + MG^2$$

Adding, we get $AM^2 + DM^2 = a^2 + b^2 = AD^2$ so AMD is a right angle.

- Sept 2013 Solution by Poobhalan Pillay, retired Math Dept. UKZN and Siyanqoba Coordinator for KZN Mathematical Problem Solving Development